

Report to: **Licensing Sub-Committee**
Date: **18th July 2018**
Title: **Application for a new premises licence at 30 Brook Street, Tavistock PL19 0HE to be known as 'Tap T'Inn'.**
Portfolio Area: **Customer First**
Wards Affected:
Relevant Scrutiny Committee:

Urgent Decision: **Y** Approval and clearance obtained: **Y**

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Recommendations:

That the Sub-Committee consider the application for a new Premises Licence and make determinations in respect of this application, namely to:

- i) grant the application as submitted, subject to any Mandatory Conditions required;**
- ii) modify the conditions of the licence;**
- iii) exclude any of the licensable activities to which the application relates;**
- iv) to refuse to specify a person in the licence as the premises supervisor;**
- v) reject the application,**

in line with the licensing objectives contained within the Licensing Act 2003.

1. Executive summary

- 1.1 The purpose of the Licensing Sub-Committee meeting is to determine an application for a new Premises Licence at **30 Brook Street, Tavistock, PL19 0HE, to be known as 'Tap T'Inn'** in accordance with Section 18 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 1.2 The Licensing Authority received an application for a new Premises Licence for the above on 24th May 2018. The application is for the sale of alcohol for consumption on and off the premises, Monday to Sunday from 10:00 to 22:00; Christmas Eve from 10:00 to 00:00 and New Year's Eve from 10:00 to 00:30. A copy of the application and plan is attached at **Appendix A**.
- 1.3 Three representations in objection to the application were received during the consultation period from persons living in close proximity to the premises. Copies of the representations are attached at **Appendix B**. Mediation has not been possible and therefore it is necessary for the application to be determined by the licensing sub-committee.

2. Background

- 2.1 The premises is currently closed, but has previously been used as a shop. The Applicant is aware that planning permission will also need to be granted, in addition to the premises licence, before being able to sell alcohol for consumption on the premises.
- 2.2 The premises is located in the town centre of Tavistock, in close proximity to a range of businesses and residential properties. Plans showing the location of the premises in relation to nearby properties can be found at **Appendix C** and photographs of the premises and vicinity are at **Appendix D**.
- 2.3 All three representations have been sent in by persons living in very close proximity to the premises and raise concerns relating to the 'Prevention of Public Nuisance' licensing objective. These include concerns that there will be disturbance and loss of privacy due to noise from customers. There is a specific concern about noise from persons leaving the premises after 22:00, and potentially taking alcohol with them to consume in the vicinity.
- 2.4 A concern raised in two of the representations in relation to 'Public Safety' is the access to and from the premises, leading to possible congestion on the pavement, with reference made to a recent road accident at this location between a car and a pedestrian. Also raised is the worry that children going to and from a nearby primary may have their safety compromised when passing the premises.
- 2.5 The full representations containing details of all the areas of concern can be found at **Appendix B**.

- 2.6 The Live Music Act 2012 and subsequent amendments, allow the provision of live and recorded amplified music at any premises licensed for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises between the hours of 08:00 and 23:00, or in this case, between 10:00 and 22:00 (hours licensed for sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises). There is no way to restrict these activities through the premises licence during these hours other than through the review process once a licence has been granted. Music played in the background (at a level where a conversation can be easily held) is never licensable. Should a licence be granted for the sale of alcohol for consumption on and off the premises, live and recorded amplified music will automatically be permitted between 10:00 and 22:00.
- 2.7 As relevant representations in respect of this application have been received, which have not been withdrawn and mediation has not been possible, the Licensing Sub-Committee acting on behalf of the Licensing Authority must make a determination on this application. When coming to a decision, the Licensing Sub-Committee must give consideration to the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy (the Policy) and Home Office guidance issued under Section 182 Licensing Act 2003 (revised April 2018).
- 2.8 Section 3.1 of the Policy states: The Licensing Authority has a duty under the Act to carry out its licensing functions with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives. (These objectives are the only matters to be taken into account in determining the application and any conditions attached must be appropriate to achieve the licensing objectives).
- 2.9 The four licensing objectives are:
- The prevention of crime and disorder
 - Public safety
 - The prevention of public nuisance
 - The protection of children from harm
- 2.10 Section 3.2 of the Policy states: A licence (or club premises certificate) will only be granted where the Licensing Authority is satisfied that these objectives have been met.
- 2.11 Section 4.1 of the Policy sets out additional legislation, strategies, policies and guidance to which the Licensing Authority will have regard.
- 2.12 The Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 which was revised and re-published in April 2018 state: The Licensing Authority may not impose conditions unless its discretion has been engaged following receipt of relevant representations and it is satisfied as a result of a hearing (unless all parties agree a hearing is not necessary) that it is appropriate to impose conditions to promote one or more of the four licensing objectives (paragraph 10.8 of the guidance).

2.13 The following responsible authorities are statutory consultees under the Licensing Act 2003:

- Devon and Cornwall Police
- Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Service
- Devon Safeguarding Children's Board
- Devon County Council Trading Standards
- Devon Drug and Alcohol Action Team, NHS Devon
- West Devon Borough Council Planning Department
- Dartmoor National Park Authority Planning Department
- West Devon Borough Council Environmental Health (Health & Safety)
- West Devon Borough Council Environmental Health (Pollution Control)
- Home Office Immigration Enforcement

2.14 There were no objections received from any of the responsible authorities.

2.15 In addition to the above responsible authorities, any person may make a representation in relation to a premises licence application.

3. Outcomes/outputs

3.1 When determining an application for a premises licence, particularly when considering appropriate conditions and operating hours, the following sections of the Statement of Licensing Policy (the policy) and Section 182 Guidance (the guidance) are especially relevant:

3.2 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11pm and 8am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise immediately surrounding the premises may also prove appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave (paragraph 2.19 of the guidance).

3.3 Section 6.1 of the policy states: The Licensing Authority will deal with the issue of licensing hours on the individual merits of each application. When the Authority's discretion is engaged, consideration will be given to the individual merits of an application but the presumption will be to grant the hours requested unless there are objections to those hours raised by Responsible Authorities or other persons on the basis of the licensing objectives. However, when dealing with licensing hours beyond midnight it is more likely that relevant representations will be made unless there are higher standards of control within operating schedules to

promote the licensing objectives, especially for premises which are situated near residential areas or in areas where anti-social disorder takes place.

- 3.4 Section 6.4 of the policy states: The terminal hours will normally be approved where the Applicant can show that the proposal would not adversely affect the licensing objectives unless, after hearing relevant representation the Licensing Authority believe it necessary, proportionate and reasonable to restrict the hours required. The Licensing Authority may set an earlier terminal hour where it considers this is appropriate to the nature of the activities and the amenity of the area.
- 3.5 Paragraph 10.14 of Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 states: where there are objections to an application to extend the hours during which licensable activities are to be carried on and the licensing authority determines that this would undermine the licensing objectives, it may reject the application or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested.
- 3.7 Section 10.1 of the Policy states: The Licensing Authority recognises the great variety of premises for which licences may be sought. These will include theatres, cinemas, restaurants, pubs, nightclubs, cafes, takeaways, community halls and schools. Access by children to all types of premises will not be limited unless it is considered necessary to do so in order to protect them from harm.
- 3.8 Section 10.2 of the Policy states: When deciding whether or not to limit access to children the Licensing Authority will judge each application on its own individual merits. Examples which may give rise to concern and warrant restrictions in the operating schedule include premises: -
- ❑ where entertainment of an adult or sexual nature is provided
 - ❑ where there is a strong element of gambling taking place
 - ❑ with a known association with drug taking or dealing
 - ❑ where there have been convictions of the current management for serving alcohol to minors
 - ❑ with a reputation for allowing underage drinking
 - ❑ where the supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises is exclusive or primary purpose of the services provided at the premises.
- 3.9 The desired outcome is a determination of the application with reasons provided which relate to the four licensing objectives and when conditions are imposed, that these are appropriate to address the licensing objectives.

4. Options available and consideration of risk

- 4.1 The Licensing Authority may decide to impose additional conditions to address the four licensing objectives, or to amend or remove

requested licensable activities. When coming to their decision the Licensing Sub-Committee must give consideration to the Section 182 Guidance and the Statement of Licensing Policy. Reasons must be given which relate to the licensing objectives for any decision made.

- 4.2 The Sub-Committee will need to consider the hours of operation proposed, the effectiveness of the operating schedule proposed by the applicant, the representations received, the location of the premises in relation to residential properties, the history of the management of the premises (if applicable), the evidence provided of any problems in the past, the likely impact of any extension of hours and activities, public transport, taxi availability, the right the applicant has to operate a business and balancing the rights of residents to the quiet enjoyment and privacy of family life. West Devon relies on tourism, with holidaymakers both from this country and international visitors who are, in the main, families with young children and retired people – the very segment of society who would perhaps be deterred by anti-social behaviour. These, and any other relevant issues, may be explored at the hearing in so far as it reflects the four licensing objectives.
- 4.3 A decision made by the Licensing Sub-Committee may be appealed by the applicant or any person who has made relevant representations. The right of appeal is to the Magistrates' Court by virtue of Section 181 and Schedule 5 of the Licensing Act 2003. The Magistrates' Court may dismiss the appeal, or substitute its own decision, or send back the case to the Licensing Authority with directions as to how the case is to be dealt with. The Magistrates' Court may make any costs order it thinks fit.
- 4.4 The Licensing Act 2003 contains a provision which enables a responsible authority or any other person to apply to this Licensing Authority for a review of the premises licence once granted. A hearing follows which enables the Sub-Committee to use the normal powers available, but also to suspend the licence for a period of up to three months or to withdraw it.

5. Proposed Way Forward

- 5.1 That the Sub-Committee consider the application for a new Premises Licence and make a determination in respect of this application, namely to:
- i) grant the application as submitted, subject to any Mandatory Conditions required;
 - ii) modify the conditions of the licence;
 - iii) exclude any of the licensable activities to which the application relates;
 - iv) to refuse to specify a person in the licence as the premises supervisor;
 - v) reject the application,

in line with the licensing objectives (Section 4) contained within the Licensing Act 2003.

6. Implications

Implications	Relevant to proposals Y/N	Details and proposed measures to address
Legal/Governance	Y	<p>The Licensing Act 2003 gives Licensing Authorities the responsibility for determining applications submitted under this provision. This is a statutory obligation.</p> <p>As there have been relevant representations in respect of this application which have not been resolved, this hearing must be held. Relevant representations are about the likely effect of the grant of the application on the promotion of the licensing objectives, by responsible authorities or any other person. The Licensing Sub-Committee must disregard any information or evidence not relevant to the licensing objectives.</p> <p>The Licensing Sub-Committee must consider this application in accordance with Section 4 of the Licensing Act 2003, which requires that licensing functions must be carried out with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives. The Licensing Authority must also have regard to its own licensing policy and the Secretary of State's guidance, but may depart from both if it has good reason to do so. Those reasons should be stated.</p> <p>The Act requires (Section 18) that in dealing with a new premises licence application, the committee takes any of the following steps which are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) to grant the licence subject to:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) the conditions mentioned in section 18 (2)(a) [ie as applied for] modified to such an extent as the authority considers necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives, and ii) any conditions which must under section 19, 20 or 21 be included in the licence; (b) to exclude from the scope of the licence any of the licensable activities to which the application relates; (c) to reject the application <p>The Sub-Committee must give its reasons for its</p>

		<p>decision to take any of these steps. Similarly, if the application is rejected, the Sub-Committee must give its reasons.</p> <p>The applicant or any person who has made relevant representations has the right to appeal a decision made by the Licensing Sub-Committee to the Magistrates' Court by virtue of Section 181 and Schedule 5 of Licensing Act 2003.</p> <p>On appeal, the Magistrates' Court may:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) dismiss the appeal; b) substitute for the decision appeal against another decision which could have been made by the Licensing authority; c) remit the case to the Licensing Authority to dispose of it in accordance with the direction of the court.
Financial	N	There are no direct financial implications to the Council from this Report. However, should a decision be challenged this could result in the Council facing an appeal to the Magistrates Court with the risk of costs being awarded against the Council.
Risk	Y	<p>The Licensing Authority must follow strict legislation in accordance with the Licensing Act 2003 and adhere to the statutory instruments contained with the Act.</p> <p>All decisions must be taken in consideration of the four licensing objectives (section 2.3). These objectives are in place to give protection to the public from the potential negative impacts caused by licensed premises.</p> <p>Decisions may be appealed (see financial and legal/governance sections above).</p>
Comprehensive Impact Assessment Implications		
Equality and Diversity		Compliance with the Human Rights Act 1998 – Article 6: right to a fair trial.
Safeguarding		All decisions must take into consideration the 'protection of children from harm' licensing objective.
Community Safety, Crime and Disorder		Section 17 Crime and Disorder Act 1998 applies. Decisions made must relate to the four licensing objectives as detailed in section 2.8 of this report.
Health, Safety and Wellbeing		All decisions must take into consideration the four licensing objectives, including 'public safety' and 'protection of children from harm'.
Other		

implications		
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Supporting Information

Appendices:

Appendix A – premises licence application and plan

Appendix B – representations

Appendix C – location maps

Appendix D - photographs

Background Papers:

[under provisions of the Local Government Act 1972]

The Licensing Act 2003

Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

West Devon Borough Council’s Statement of Licensing Policy

Responses to Notices of Hearing

Agreement from Applicant to Police amendments

Consent to be DPS form

Process checklist	Completed
Portfolio Holder briefed	Yes/No
SLT Rep briefed	Yes/No
Relevant Exec Director sign off (draft)	Yes/No
Data protection issues considered	Yes/No
If exempt information, public (part 1) report also drafted. (Committee/Scrutiny)	Yes/No